

Package ‘parzer’

February 16, 2021

Type Package

Title Parse Messy Geographic Coordinates

Description Parse geographic coordinates from various formats to decimal degree numeric values. Parse coordinates into their parts (degree, minutes, seconds); calculate hemisphere from coordinates; pull out individually degrees, minutes, or seconds; add and subtract degrees, minutes, and seconds. C++ code herein originally inspired from code written by Jeffrey D. Bogan, but then completely re-written.

Version 0.4.0

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URL <https://github.com/ropensci/parzer> (devel)
<https://docs.ropensci.org/parzer/> (docs)

BugReports <https://github.com/ropensci/parzer/issues>

Imports Rcpp (>= 1.0.2), withr

Suggests testthat, randgeo, knitr, rmarkdown, callr, pkgbuild, pkgload

LinkingTo Rcpp

SystemRequirements C++11

VignetteBuilder knitr

Encoding UTF-8

Language en-US

RoxygenNote 7.1.1

X-schema.org-applicationCategory Geospatial

X-schema.org-keywords geospatial, data, latitude, longitude, parser, coordinates

X-schema.org-isPartOf <https://ropensci.org>

NeedsCompilation yes

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Date/Publication 2021-02-16 05:30:02 UTC

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parzer-package	<i>parzer</i>
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Description

parse geographic coordinates

Author(s)

Scott Chamberlain

dms *extract degree, minutes, and seconds*

Description

extract degree, minutes, and seconds

Usage

```
pz_degree(lon = NULL, lat = NULL)
```

```
pz_minute(lon = NULL, lat = NULL)
```

```
pz_second(lon = NULL, lat = NULL)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'pz'  
print(x, ...)
```

```
pz_d(x)
```

```
pz_m(x)
```

```
pz_s(x)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'pz'  
e1 + e2
```

```
## S3 method for class 'pz'  
e1 - e2
```

```
## S3 method for class 'pz'  
e1 / e2
```

```
## S3 method for class 'pz'  
e1 * e2
```

Arguments

lon, lat (numeric/integer/character) one or more longitude or latitude values. values are internally validated. only one of lon or lat accepted

x (integer) an integer representing a degree, minute or second

... print dots

e1, e2 objects of class pz, from using pz_d(), pz_m(), or pz_s()

Details

Mathematics operators are exported for +, -, /, and *, but / and * are only exported with a stop message to say it's not supported; otherwise you'd be allow to divide degrees by minutes, leading to nonsense.

Value

pz_degree: integer, pz_minute: integer, pz_second: numeric, pz_d: numeric, pz_m: numeric, pz_s: numeric (adding/subtracting these also gives numeric)

Examples

```
# extract parts of a coordinate value
pz_degree(-45.23323)
pz_minute(-45.23323)
pz_second(-45.23323)

pz_degree(lon = 178.23423)
pz_minute(lon = 178.23423)
pz_second(lon = 178.23423)

## Not run:
pz_degree(lat = c(45.23323, "40:25:6N", "40° 25 5.994 S"))
pz_minute(lat = c(45.23323, "40:25:6N", "40° 25 5.994 S"))
pz_second(lat = c(45.23323, "40:25:6N", "40° 25 5.994 S"))

# invalid
pz_degree(445.23323)

# add or subtract
pz_d(31)
pz_m(44)
pz_s(3)
pz_d(31) + pz_m(44)
pz_d(-31) - pz_m(44)
pz_d(-31) + pz_m(44) + pz_s(59)
pz_d(31) - pz_m(44) + pz_s(59)
pz_d(-121) + pz_m(1) + pz_s(33)
unclass(pz_d(31) + pz_m(44) + pz_s(59))

## End(Not run)
```

parse_hemisphere

get hemisphere from long/lat coordinates

Description

BEWARE: EXPERIMENTAL

Usage

```
parse_hemisphere(lon, lat)
```

Arguments

```
lon          (character/numeric/integer) one or more longitude values  
lat          (character/numeric/integer) one or more latitude values
```

Details

```
length(lon) == length(lat)
```

Value

character vector of quadrants, one of: NE, NW, SE, SW. if one of the coordinate values is invalid, and one is valid, you get a length 1 string. if both coordinate values are bad, you get a zero length string.

Warnings are thrown on invalid values

Examples

```
# NE  
parse_hemisphere("74.123E", "45N54.2356")  
## Not run:  
# NW  
parse_hemisphere(-120, 40.4183318)  
# SW  
parse_hemisphere(-120, -40.4183318)  
# SE  
parse_hemisphere(120, -40.4183318)  
  
# bad inputs, get one of the two strings  
parse_hemisphere(-181, -40.4183318)  
parse_hemisphere(-120, -192.4183318)  
  
# many inputs  
library(randgeo)  
pts <- rg_position(count = 1000)  
lons <- as.character(vapply(pts, "[", 1, 1))  
lats <- as.character(vapply(pts, "[", 1, 2))  
parse_hemisphere(lons, lats)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

parse_lat	<i>Parse latitude values</i>
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Description

Parse latitude values

Usage

```
parse_lat(lat, format = NULL)
```

Arguments

lat	(numeric/integer/character) one or more latitude values
format	(character) format, default often works

Value

numeric vector

Errors

Throws warnings on parsing errors, and returns NaN in each case

Types of errors:

- invalid argument: e.g., letters passed instead of numbers, see https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/error/invalid_argument
- out of range: numbers of out acceptable range, see https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/error/out_of_range
- out of latitude range: not within -90/90 range

Examples

```
parse_lat("")
## Not run:
parse_lat("-91")
parse_lat("95")
parse_lat("asdfaf")

parse_lat("45")
parse_lat("-45")
parse_lat("-45.2323")

# out of range with std::stod?
parse_lat("-45.23232e24")
parse_lat("-45.23232e2")

# numeric input
```

```
parse_lat(1:10)
parse_lat(85:94)

# different formats
parse_lat("40.4183318 N")
parse_lat("40.4183318 S")
parse_lat("40 25 5.994") # => 40.41833

parse_lat("40.4183318N")
parse_lat("N40.4183318")
parse_lat("40.4183318S")
parse_lat("S40.4183318")

parse_lat("N 39 21.440") # => 39.35733
parse_lat("S 56 1.389") # => -56.02315

parse_lat("N40°25'5.994") # => 40.41833
parse_lat("40° 25 5.994\" N") # => 40.41833
parse_lat("40:25:6N")
parse_lat("40:25:5.994N")
parse_lat("40d 25' 6\" N")

## End(Not run)
```

parse_llstr

parse string with lat and lon together

Description

parse string with lat and lon together

Usage

```
parse_llstr(str)
```

Arguments

str (character) string with latitude and longitude, one or more in a vector.

Value

A data.frame with parsed latitude and longitude in decimal degrees.

Examples

```
parse_llstr("N 04.1683, E 101.5823")
parse_llstr("N04.82344, E101.61320")
parse_llstr("N 04.25164, E 101.70695")
parse_llstr("N05.03062, E101.75172")
parse_llstr("N05.03062,E101.75172")
```

```
parse_llstr("N4.9196, E101.345")
parse_llstr("N4.9196, E101.346")
parse_llstr("N4.9196, E101.347")
# no comma
parse_llstr("N4.9196 E101.347")
# no space
parse_llstr("N4.9196E101.347")

# DMS
parse_llstr("N4 51'36", E101 34'7")
parse_llstr(c("4 51'36"S, 101 34'7"W", "N4 51'36", E101 34'7"))
```

parse_lon	<i>Parse longitude values</i>
-----------	-------------------------------

Description

Parse longitude values

Usage

```
parse_lon(lon, format = NULL)
```

Arguments

lon	(numeric/integer/character) one or more longitude values
format	(character) format, default often works

Value

numeric vector

Errors

Throws warnings on parsing errors, and returns NaN in each case

Types of errors:

- invalid argument: e.g., letters passed instead of numbers, see https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/error/invalid_argument
- out of range: numbers of out acceptable range, see https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/error/out_of_range
- out of longitude range: not within -180/360 range

Examples

```

parse_lon("")
## Not run:
parse_lon("-181")
parse_lon("-361")
parse_lon("95")
parse_lon("asdfaf")

parse_lon("45")
parse_lon("-45")
parse_lon("-45.2323")
parse_lon("334")

# out of range with std::stod?
parse_lon("-45.23232e24")
parse_lon("-45.23232e2")
parse_lon("-45.23232")

# numeric input
parse_lon(1:10)
parse_lon(85:94)

# different formats
parse_lon("40.4183318 E")
parse_lon("40.4183318 W")
parse_lon("40 25 5.994") # => 40.41833

parse_lon("40.4183318W")
parse_lon("W40.4183318")
parse_lon("E40.4183318")
parse_lon("40.4183318E")

parse_lon("E 39 21.440") # => 39.35733
parse_lon("W 56 1.389") # => -56.02315

parse_lon("E40°25'5.994") # => 40.41833
parse_lon("40° 25 5.994\" E") # => 40.41833
parse_lon("40:25:6E")
parse_lon("40:25:5.994E")
parse_lon("40d 25' 6\" E")

## End(Not run)

```

 parse_lon_lat

parse longitude and latitude

Description

parse longitude and latitude

Usage

```
parse_lon_lat(lon, lat)
```

Arguments

```
lon          (character/numeric/integer) one or more longitude values
lat          (character/numeric/integer) one or more latitude values
```

Details

```
length(lon) == length(lat)
```

Value

data.frame, with columns lon, lat. on an invalid values, an NA is returned. In addition, warnings are thrown on invalid values

Examples

```
parse_lon_lat(-120.43, 49.12)
## Not run:
parse_lon_lat(-120.43, 93)
parse_lon_lat(-190, 49.12)
parse_lon_lat(240, 49.12)
parse_lon_lat(-190, 92)
# many
lons <- c("45W54.2356", "181", 45, 45.234234, "-45.98739874")
lats <- c("40.123°", "40.123N74.123W", "191.89", 12, "N45 04.25764")
parse_lon_lat(lons, lats)

## End(Not run)
```

```
parse_parts
```

```
parse coordinates into degrees, minutes and seconds
```

Description

parse coordinates into degrees, minutes and seconds

Usage

```
parse_parts_lon(str)
```

```
parse_parts_lat(str)
```

Arguments

```
str          (character) string including longitude or latitude
```

Value

data.frame with columns for:

- deg (integer)
- min (integer)
- sec (numeric)

NA/NaN given upon error

Examples

```
parse_parts_lon("140.4183318")
## Not run:
parse_parts_lon("174.6411133")
parse_parts_lon("-45.98739874")
parse_parts_lon("40.123W")

parse_parts_lat("45N54.2356")
parse_parts_lat("40.4183318")
parse_parts_lat("-74.6411133")
parse_parts_lat("-45.98739874")
parse_parts_lat("40.123N")
parse_parts_lat("N40°25'5.994")

# not working, needs format input
parse_parts_lat("N455698735")

# multiple
x <- c("40.123°", "40.123N74.123W", "191.89", 12, "N45 04.25764")
parse_parts_lat(x)
system.time(parse_parts_lat(rep(x, 10^2)))

## End(Not run)
```

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